### Binimetinib-Enkorafenib

for Malignant melanoma and other skin cancers

#### Regimen schedule

Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Binimetinib Morgondos	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Binimetinib Kvällsdos	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Enkorafenib	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Next course of treatment, day 29

Day	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
Binimetinib Morgondos	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Binimetinib Kvällsdos	х	х	х	х	х	х	х
Enkorafenib	х	х	х	Х	х	х	Х

## **About your treatment**

Binimetinib (Mektovi tablets) and Enkorafenib (Braftovi capsule) block proteins that regulate the growth and division of cancer cells, slowing it down.

You take Binimetinib twice a day and enkorafenib once a day, both taken continuously. During treatment, your blood tests and any side effects will be monitored.

### How to take the medicines

Swallow the tablets and capsules whole with water. Take tablets and capsules with or without a meal at about the same time each day. Binimetinib is taken at approximately 12-hour intervals (morning and evening).

Binimetinib: If you miss a dose, take it only if there are more than 6 hours left until your next dose.

Encorafenib: If you miss a dose, take it only if there are more than 12 hours before your next dose.

You must not eat or drink grapefruit or preparations containing grapefruit or St. John's wort during treatment as this may affect the effect of the medicine.

Read more in the package leaflets

# Side effects - symptoms and tips

The side effects we list here are the most common and important. They can vary greatly from person to person, and even from time to time. Side effects may determine your dose or require you to stop taking the medicine.

Tell your doctor or nurse if you have any side effects. Often the symptoms can be prevented or alleviated.

#### **Fatique**

Fatigue is common. You may feel low in energy and never rested. Your memory may deteriorate, and you may find it harder to concentrate and solve problems. It can make you feel down, stressed and anxious. You may also find it difficult to socialise. Fatigue may persist for a long time after treatment.

**Tips:**Try to exercise and move around. It's the only thing known to help with fatigue.

#### Problems with stomach and intestines

Diarrhoea is common. You may also become constipated.

**Tip**: Drink a lot, a few glasses more than usual per day. If you have diarrhoea, avoid fatty, spicy and high-fibre foods. If you're constipated, try high-fibre foods and exercise. Talk to your doctor if you get diarrhoea or constipation - you may need medication.

#### Acne-like skin problems

You may get acne-like rashes on your face and upper body. You may also experience itching, cracking of the skin and inflammation around the nails. Talk to your nurse if you develop skin problems - you may need medication.

**Tip**: Apply a moisturising cream to your whole body several times a day. Use bath oil instead of soap. Avoid sunbathing. Wear a hat and full-coverage clothing. Lubricate parts of the body not covered by clothing with sunscreen that has a high SPF and UVA protection.

#### Eye problems

You may get red eyes with stinging and pain. You may also experience blurred vision, dry eyes and become more sensitive to light. In rare cases, you may lose part of your field of vision, which may be due to a retinal detachment or blockage of a vessel in the eye. You should contact your doctor immediately.

Tip: If your eyes sting and feel dry, use lubricating eye drops available from pharmacies.

### **Bleeding**

You may have an increased risk of bleeding. For example, you may bleed easily from your nose or mouth. If you get a cut on your skin, you may bleed longer than usual. Surgical wounds may heal more slowly.

**Tips:** Be careful not to cut yourself. You can stop nosebleeds by squeezing the soft parts of your nose for 10 minutes. If this doesn't stop it, contact your doctor. Be attentive to oral hygiene, and use a soft toothbrush and mild toothpaste. Be careful with floss and toothpicks. Inform your dentist or other health care provider of your cancer treatment when you visit.

#### Numbness and tingling - sensory disturbances

You may experience numbness and tingling in your hands and feet, and your fine motor skills may be impaired. For example, you may find it difficult to press buttons or walk. Symptoms usually go away, but not completely in everyone. Tell your doctor or nurse if you have numbness or tingling in your hands and feet.

### Problems with hands and feet

You may sometimes experience redness, dry flaky skin and swelling on the soles of your hands and feet. It usually starts as soreness, tingling and numbness, which can develop into blisters, cracks and sores. Contact your doctor immediately if you experience these symptoms.

**Tip**: Avoid exposing hands and feet to high heat, such as showering or washing dishes with very hot water. To relieve the discomfort, you can use cold items, such as a freezing pack wrapped in a towel. Also avoid exposing your hands and feet to vibration or abrasion, such as when using a drill for hours or running for miles.

#### Other

Joint pain and muscle pain are common. Headaches and fatigue are also common. You may also feel dizzy.

## Contact your clinic immediately at

#### **Acute**

Call 112 in case of persistent acute chest pain, pressure on the chest or difficulty breathing/shortness of breath

## Contact your clinic immediately at:

- Severe diarrhea, or diarrhea combined with fever.
- Bruises, nosebleeds or other bleeding that you cannot stop.
- · Heart palpitations
- Skin rash on most of the body, or skin rash with pain.
- · Sudden deterioration regardless of symptoms

### Common advice

It is important not to get pregnant or make someone pregnant while you are being treated with cancer drugs, as the drugs can affect the foetus. Therefore, use safe, non-hormonal contraceptives during treatment and for at least 90 days after the end of treatment, as the drug may render the contraceptive pill ineffective.

## General information about cancer

Useful information about cancer is available from both 1177 Vårdguiden and Cancerfonden:	
www.1177.se	

www.cancerfonden.se

**Notes** 
