Förebyggande mot illamående (Steg 5a, 5d)

Antiemetics

Regimen schedule

Day	
Palonosetron Morgondos	
Betametason Morgondos	
Olanzapin **As needed**	

About your treatment

You must take preventive treatment to reduce the risk of nausea in connection with your treatment. Some medicines also reduce the risk of allergy that certain treatments can cause. If you miss taking your dose, tell your nurse. It is important that you note how you feel so that we can adjust the dose of medicine.

How to take yor treatment

Day 1

About 1-2 hours before treatment

Aloxi (palonsetron) 500 microgram 1 capsule

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 12 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 2

About 1-2 hours before treatment

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 12 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 3

About 1-2 hours before treatment Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 12 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 4

About 1-2 hours before treatment

Akynzeo (netupitant/palonsetron) 300 mg/ 0.5 mg: 1 capsule

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 12 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 5

About 1-2 hours before treatment

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 12 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 6

In the morning

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 8 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

Day 7

In the morning

Betapred (betamethasone) 0.5 mg: 4 tablets (tablets dissolve in water)

If necessary, treatment days and a few days after

Olanzapine 2.5 mg. If necessary, you can increase to a maximum of four tablets (10 mg) per day. It is best taken at night because the medicine causes fatigue.

Preventive medicine against nausea

You can get medicine from your nurse or by prescription.

Aloxi (palonsetron)

Aloxi (palonsetron) is an anti-nausea medication. You can get the capsule to take at home or you can get it when you come to the ward. The dose is taken at least one hour before treatment. The effect lasts for three days. Constipation is common. This can be prevented with laxatives. Inform the healthcare staff before the treatment if you have a sluggish stomach. Common with headache. This can be treated with paracetamol. Dizziness and fatigue may occur. Keep that in mind if you're going to drive.

Betapred (betametason)

Betapred (betamethasone) is cortisone. The tablets are dissolved in a little water and the solution is swallowed. The dose is taken at least one hour before treatment. Please rinse your mouth with water after taking betamethasone to reduce the risk of oral thrush. Take the tablets with food. Cortisone is also used to reduce the risk of allergic reactions that some cancer drugs can cause. Cortisone can be invigorating and redness.

Planzapin

Olanzapine is a drug used for mental illness, but in low doses has a good effect against nausea, especially against nausea that can occur days after treatment. Olanzapine may make you tired. Fatigue can reduce attention when, for example, driving, which can make it unsuitable to drive a motor vehicle. We recommend taking the dose in the evening, with the first dose the evening of the treatment day. You should take no more than 10 mg of Olanzapine in a day. A higher dose does not give a better effect.

Nausea diary

Register your condition and report back to your nurse.

Namn:		Personnummer:

Behandling:

Kurnummer:	Startdatum:

Date of day 1:		Nausea			Vomiting		Appetiteless		Perceived well-being			Notes
		None	Slight	Severe	Yes	No	Yes	No	Good	Poor	Very poor	
Day 1	Evening											
Day 2	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 3	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 4	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 5	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 6	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 7	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 8	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 9	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											
Day 10	Morning											
	Day											
	Evening											