# Pembrolizumab-Nab-Paklitaxel veckovis 21 dagar med paus

for Breastcancer

### Regimen schedule

Next course of treatment, day 22

| Day            | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| Pembrolizumab  | Х |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Paklitaxel Nab | Х |   |   |   |   |   |   | Х |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

# **About your treatment**

Pembrolizumab is an antibody that activates your immune system to attack the cancer cells. Nab-Paclitaxel is a cytotoxic drug. Each course is 21 days. You receive drops on days 1 and 8. After that, there is a break before a new course starts on day 22. During the treatment, your blood samples and any side effects are monitored.

# Side effects - symptoms and tips

The side effects we list here are the most common and important. They can vary greatly from person to person, and even from time to time. The side effects may require a break in treatment. Tell your doctor or nurse if you have any side effects. Often the symptoms can be prevented or alleviated.

Side effects may come late, several months after treatment has ended. Contact your doctor anyway!

## **Fatigue**

Fatigue is common. You may feel low in energy and never rested. Your memory may deteriorate, and you may find it harder to concentrate and solve problems. It can make you feel down, stressed and anxious. You may also find it difficult to socialise. Fatigue may persist for a long time after treatment.

Tips:Try to exercise and move around. It's the only thing known to help with fatigue.

## Numbness and tingling - sensory disturbances

You may experience numbness and tingling in your hands and feet, and your fine motor skills may be impaired. For example, you may find it difficult to press buttons or walk. Symptoms usually go away, but not completely in everyone. Tell your doctor or nurse if you have numbness or tingling in your hands and feet.

## Dry cough and difficulty breathing

New symptoms of dry cough, shortness of breath and difficulty breathing may be due to a special inflammation of the lungs and airways (pneumonitis).

### Problems with stomach and intestines

Diarrhoea and nausea are common, but you may also become constipated.

You can also get inflammation of the intestines (colitis). It can cause severe diarrhoea, stomach pain, blood in your stools or dark and smelly stools.

#### Pain in muscles and bones

Pain, tenderness and weakness in the muscles are common.

**Tips:** Can be relieved with common painkillers.

#### **Hair loss**

Usually you will lose your hair 2-4 weeks after the first treatment. The hair will start to grow back about 3-4 weeks after you have finished all the cytostatic treatment. Sometimes the hair colour changes, and straight hair can become curly. But over time, the hair usually returns to its former state. Sometimes, you may even lose eyebrows and eyelashes, but they also grow back.

### Skin problems

Dry skin and rashes with or without itching are common. Some skin conditions can be made worse by treatment, such as psoriasis and rosacea. You may also get inflammation of the skin (dermatitis), which in rare cases can lead to a severe skin reaction with watery sores.

**Tip for mild itching**: When washing your skin, be gentle and use unscented soap or shower oil. Lubricate with moisturiser.

## Problems with mouth and mucous membranes

The mucous membranes of your nose, mouth, eyes and abdomen may be affected by your treatment. For example, you may have nosebleeds and a runny nose. In the mouth, you may experience dryness, redness, burning and sores. You can also get fungus, which turns the lining of your mouth red or gives it a white coating. Eyes may become dry and watery. The mucous membranes in the lower abdomen can also become dry.

**Tip**: If you have a dry mouth, use saliva stimulants available in pharmacies. Rinsing your mouth with Vichy water can prevent fungus. Be attentive to oral hygiene, and use a soft toothbrush and mild toothpaste. Be careful with floss and toothpicks. Inform your dentist of your cancer treatment when you visit. Avoid contact lenses if you have eye problems. Women can use oestrogen cream, emollient cream or oil to treat dry mucous membranes in the lower abdomen.

### Eye problems

You may get red eyes with stinging and pain. You may also experience blurred vision, dry eyes and become more sensitive to light.

**Tip**: If your eyes sting and feel dry, use lubricating eye drops available from pharmacies.

#### Hormone changes

You may experience headaches, fatigue, depression, hot flashes, heart palpitations, decreased sexual desire and behavioural changes. You may also experience visual disturbances, such as blurred vision and double vision, and pain behind the eyes. Symptoms may be due to inflammation of the thyroid, adrenal or pituitary glands.

#### Swollen legs and feet

Swollen legs and feet are common.

**Tips:**You can use support stockings. Put your feet up on a footstool or rest for a while in bed. Apply a moisturiser to protect your skin, and watch out for sores.

# **Taste changes**

The taste of food and drink may be altered by the treatment.

# Contact your clinic immediately at:

#### **Acute**

 Call 112 in case of persistent acute chest pain, pressure on the chest or difficulty breathing/shortness of breath

# Contact your reception immediately at:

- • Fever (temp above 38 degrees) or at a temperature below 36 degrees
- · · Sudden deterioration regardless of symptoms
- Urinary tract infection symptoms or cold symptoms before treatment
- · · Severe nausea or burning in the mouth that makes it difficult for you to eat and drink
- Nosebleeds or other bleeding you cannot stop or bruising over large parts of the body
- • Increased number of stools/diarrhea with or without stomach pain, bloody or black stools
- · · New onset dry cough and shortness of breath
- • Severe itching, blisters, oozing sores and peeling skin.
- • If you or your relatives feel that you are changed, confused or that consciousness is affected.
- • Headache, unusual fatigue, pain behind the eyes and visual disturbances.

# Contact your clinic before vaccination

If you need to be vaccinated, talk to your doctor or nurse beforehand.

## Common advice

It is important not to get pregnant or make someone pregnant while you are being treated with cancer drugs, as the drugs can affect the foetus. Therefore, use safe contraceptives. Sometimes double protection is needed, as side effects such as diarrhoea or the direct effect of cancer drugs may mean that the contraceptive pill is not enough protection on its own.

# General information about cancer

| Useful information about cancer is available from both 1177 Vårdguiden and Cancerfonde | ∍n: |
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www.1177.se

www.cancerfonden.se

### **Notes**

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