

## Enzalutamid

for Urological cancer

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### About your treatment

Enzalutamide (Xtandi) is an antihormone, which stops the body from producing testosterone (the male sex hormone).

You take the tablets once a day without interruption. Your doctor or nurse will tell you if you need to change anything about your treatment. During treatment, your blood tests and any side effects will be monitored.

### How to take the medicines

Swallow the capsules whole with water. If you miss a dose, take the prescribed dose as close to the usual time as possible. If you miss a dose for a whole day, resume treatment the next day.

Read more in the package leaflet

### Side effects - symptoms and tips

The side effects we list here are the most common and important. They can vary greatly from person to person, and even from time to time. Side effects may determine your dose or require you to stop taking the medicine.

Tell your doctor or nurse if you have any side effects. Often the symptoms can be prevented or alleviated.

#### Fallopian tubes

Hot flashes and sweating are common.

**Tips:** Try to exercise and move around.

#### Fatigue

Fatigue is common. You may feel low in energy and never rested. Your memory may deteriorate, and you may find it harder to concentrate and solve problems. It can make you feel down, stressed and anxious. You may also find it difficult to socialise. Fatigue may persist for a long time after treatment.

**Tips:** Try to exercise and move around. It's the only thing known to help with fatigue.

#### Headache

Headaches are common.

#### Nausea and taste changes

There is a risk that the treatment will make you feel unwell. If necessary, you will be given anti-nausea medication.

**Tips:** Sometimes it feels better to eat lighter food and small portions. For example, try skim milk, yoghurt, omelettes, sandwiches and hot or cold soups. Drinking a little extra between meals can reduce nausea.

#### Pain in muscles and joints

Pain in muscles and joints is common.

#### Hypertension

High blood pressure is common. Your blood pressure will be monitored during treatment, and you may need medication.

## Swollen legs and feet

Swollen legs and feet are common.

**Tips:** You can use support stockings. Put your feet up on a footstool or rest for a while in bed. Apply a moisturiser to protect your skin, and watch out for sores.

## Contact your clinic immediately at:

- fever over 38 degrees or if your temperature drops below 36 degrees
- severe diarrhoea, or diarrhoea combined with fever
- sudden deterioration, regardless of symptoms
- chest pain or difficulty breathing, call 112

## Common advice

It is important not to get pregnant or make someone pregnant while you are being treated with cancer drugs, as the drugs can affect the foetus. Therefore, use safe contraceptives. Sometimes double protection is needed, as side effects such as diarrhoea or the direct effect of cancer drugs may mean that the contraceptive pill is not enough protection on its own.

## General information about cancer

Useful information about cancer is available from both 1177 Vårdguiden and Cancerfonden:

[www.1177.se](http://www.1177.se)

[www.cancerfonden.se](http://www.cancerfonden.se)

## Notes

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